

## CUBA WILL FOUND CHAIR AT CORNELL

President Menocal Leader of Movement to Give \$125,000 Fund to University.

A new link is being added to the ever increasing bonds which unite Cuba and the United States. Hundreds of business links have been welded until at present 90 per cent. of Cuba's exports come to this country. American tourists are at this moment making merry in the hotels which Havana has built to receive them. They look to Cuba for luxuries and necessities, and now Cuba's leading men come forward with an appreciation of American institutions, announcing that a fund of \$125,000 will be donated to found "The Cuban Professorship" at Cornell University.

The gift will be made to the Cornell Endowment Fund Committee in charge of raising \$10,000,000 for increasing the salaries of the institution's instructing staff. President Menocal, who graduated from Cornell in the class of 1885, has been the leader in the movement to raise the money.

During the last half century, and especially since the war with Spain, the sons of leading Cuban families have invariably been sent to American institutions of higher education before taking up their careers as heads of business or governmental affairs in their own country. At present there are more than twenty undergraduates from Cuba at Cornell alone, and as many more are attending the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Harvard and Columbia. Cornell has eighty-six graduates in the island, sixty of them being of Cuban parentage. Havana is the home of fifty of these men who are making use of American patterns in government and industry.

In announcing that the Cuban professorship will be established at Cornell, the committee headed by President Menocal calls attention to the fact that the first President of the Republic, Estrada Palma, was a Cornellian and that graduates from the university have been in a large degree responsible during the last score of years for the rapid development of Cuba's resources. Each section of the island is represented in the donations to the new chair at Cornell, the committee including Eduardo Gaston, M. V. Cuervo, Chester Torrance, T. C. Ullrich and President Menocal of Havana; Ursula Y. Bea of Matanzas; J. G. Aguilar of Santiago and Louis Gelter of the Isle of Pines.

Only a short time ago the American Society of Mechanical Engineers completed the organization of a new unit in Havana, where Calvin Rice, secretary of the national society and a graduate of Massachusetts Institute of Technology, grouped the members of all American engineering societies in Cuba into one central body.

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Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Henri Bialis and child of Coquimbó, Chile, are in New York, where they will be for some time prior to their trip to Paris.

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It is expected that many delightful affairs will be given in Washington for the delegates from Argentina and for their families. Their arrival has added several charming matrons and maids to the already popular Washington South American colony. With Dr. Salaberry are Mrs. Salaberry and their daughter, Miss Elisa Salaberry. Dr. Ricardo Aldao is accompanied by his family.

Marcel Bier of the Belgian Consulate at Santiago is here en route to Brussels.

Horacio Mira and Mrs. Mira and their infant son arrived from Santiago, Chile, on Friday, to remain in New York for an indefinite time.

Mr. and Mrs. Jose Grande and their daughter, Miss Marie de Lima, are here, attached to the Peruvian financial delegation.

Dr. and Mrs. Harry Townsend of the Transland Islands and of Valparaiso, Chile, arrived on the Orcoma.

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More than 100 Chilean naval men are here, having arrived on the Orcoma. They will leave soon for England to man the ships which were allotted to Chile during the settlement of the Allies with regard to commandeered German ships.

Frederico Roucard, of the Argentine Naval Commission, and Mrs. Roucard are in New York.

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Dr. Fernando Vaz, a member of the Board of Health of Rio de Janeiro, has arrived in New York, where he will study the methods employed here. He also will visit other cities, including Albany, to see how American health departments function.

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After a prolonged stay in the United States in the study of labor conditions Dr. Julio Ottolani, owner of the largest by-products factory in Brazil and the largest employer in Rio de Janeiro, returned to his own country. Dr. Ottolani was a pioneer in labor reform in Brazil and has given away fortunes in bonuses to employees.

Gregorio Martenelli y Ocampo, a mining engineer from Lima and graduate of Purdue University of Indiana, has been in New York contracting for agricultural and mining equipment. He has just left for Peru.

Letters by the late Theodore Roosevelt form the foreword to a biography of Gen. Candido Mariano de Silva, who was Mr. Roosevelt's guide and escort on the famous River of Doubt expedition. General Rondon has become a national figure in Brazil through his work for the betterment and employment of the Indians of the In-

More than seventy guests attended the luncheon given last Tuesday by James Carson, chairman of the New York section of the American Chamber of Commerce of Mexico. The speakers were Acero, commercial agent of the Mexican Government; Joseph Roa, American Vice-Consul at Mexico City; Arturo Martinez, a prominent Mexican business man, and James Carson, the chairman.

Senorita Gloria Sevilla announces a recital to-night at the Carnegie Chamber Music Hall.

An invitation has been extended to the Pan American delegates to the Second Financial Conference, now in session at Washington, to attend a luncheon on Tuesday, the 27th, at the Allied Machinery Centre. The following gentlemen will address the guests at the luncheon: given by a group of manufacturers: Joshua W. Alexander, secretary Department of Commerce; D. L. Saunders, president American Manufacturers Export Association; Walter E. Edge, United States Senator from New Jersey; and George Ed. Smith, president Royal Typewriter Company. Charles F. Lang will assist.

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## LATIN AMERICAN COLONY NOTES.

### President of Peru Commends "The Sun"

PRIVATE ENGLISH SECRETARY-SHIP, GOVERNMENT PALACE, LIMA, PERU.

THE EDITOR LATIN AMERICAN DEPARTMENT, THE SUN—Sir: I appreciate very much your efforts in your publicity work for Peru and hope to hear from you in the manner in which I can aid you. With kind regards. Yours sincerely, A. B. LEGUIA.

December 5, 1919.

terior. The book was received by Consul-General Leguia.

J. C. Bolet has just returned from a business trip to Venezuela, where he went in the interest of H. B. Finlay & Co. Mr. Bolet reports that the business conditions of that country are bright.

L. M. Venegas, president of Venegas & Co., a prominent firm in Colombia with branches in the United States, left for Bogota last Tuesday.

E. S. Aplazur, secretary to President Menocal, spent a couple of days in New York city and left for Havana Tuesday.

A farewell party in honor of Charles Anita and Margarita Nieto on Saturday.

F. A. Sindberg, one of the Nicaraguan delegates to the Pan-American conference in Washington, after having recovered his health in this city, has left for the capital.

Carlos E. Ramirez, attorney at law, has returned to New York.

Eucledes Jimenez, a Porto Rico business man, died suddenly in this city.

J. E. Arango, president of the Banco Nacional de Panama; Juan Navarro and Luis Alfaro, both ex-Ministers of Finance, appointed delegates of the Pan-American conference, arrived in New York last Friday.

Ernesto M. Carepa of Lisbon, Portugal, is a guest at the McAlpin Hotel.

Tomás Arango and his daughters have arrived in New York and will go to San Francisco, where Mr. Arango has been appointed Consul of Colombia.

Jose M. Cuadrado and Manuel Antonio Cuadrado left New York for Buenos Aires, Argentina, accompanied by their sons.

Afonso M. Siller, counselor of the Mexican Embassy at Washington, has been appointed Minister to Peru. As Ambassador Bonillas will soon go to Mexico on a leave of absence, Salvador Puga Fernandez will act in the meantime as Charge d'Affaires, having been appointed counselor to the embassy.

Sergio Toruella Cortada and Mrs. Juan Toruella Fornaris arrived in New York from Ponce, Porto Rico, to see their daughters, who are ill in this city.

Mario L. Gil, Consul-General of Uruguay in New York, has fully recovered from a serious illness.

Pedro Davalos and Ricardo Bultham, delegates of Peru to the Pan-American conference, arrived in New York with Fernando Fuchs, president of the delegation.

The Club America, formerly called Aspiraciones, will give a masquerade for the members and their families on Saturday, January 24.

Mrs. Antonio Alfau Baralt and her sons and Mr. and Mrs. Manuel J. Galvan of New York are receiving the condolences of the friends on occasion of the first anniversary of the death of Antonio Alfau y Baralt, the noted publicist, which occurred in this city.

Dr. Cayetano Coll y Cuchi and Mrs. Coll y Cuchi arrived in New York from San Juan, Porto Rico, to meet their sons, who are receiving their education here.

Felipe Toledo Urbaneja, a Venezuelan, returned to Washington after spending the holidays in this city.

Mr. and Mrs. Mariano Telles left New York for Buenos Aires, Argentina, accompanied by their sons.

Mr. and Mrs. Luis Eduardo Rivadeneira, Argentine, are receiving condolences on account of the death of their son.

Luis Maria Vazquez and Eduardo P. Telles left New York for Barranquilla, Colombia, on the Zaca.

Manuel Molina, Francisco Meseguer, Alfredo Castillo and Mr. and Mrs. L. L. Paterson have arrived in New York from Venezuela.

Mrs. Carmen Rincon de Castillo accompanied by her daughter has arrived here from Colombia.

Mr. and Mrs. Francisco Linaras and their sons, Carmen, Adolfo and Humberto, arrived in this city, coming from San Juan, Porto Rico.

Hipolito Alvarado has arrived in New York from Argentina on his way to Chicago.

Dr. Luis F. Bajl and Mrs. Bajl with their daughter are in New York, coming from Ecuador.

Jose F. Torres, P. P. de Hoyos, V. Rendon and H. Moncure left New York for Mexico City.

Pedro Rafael Rincones, Consul-General of Venezuela in New York, and the three Venezuelan delegates to the Pan-American conference were entertained at dinner last Friday at the University Club by Severo Mallet Prevost.

Domingo Salaberry, Minister of Finance, Dr. Ricardo Aldao, Dr. Alejandro Bunge, Dr. Pedro Palacios and Dr. Luis Zuberbuitzer, Argentine delegates, have arrived on board the Orcoma with Dr. Eduardo Ocasio, Dr. J. Wasmann and Fernando Seguí as attendants.

Miss Beronica Rush left New York for France. Miss Rush will remain some time in Paris before she returns to Mexico.

Dr. Salvador Guerrero and his wife arrived in this city from Nicaragua.

Victor Mendoza has arrived from Havana and is at the Ritz-Carlton.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Mosely, Alberto Savage and J. J. McGregor arrived in this city from Mexico on board the Esperanza.

After having concluded his commercial studies, Eduardo Quilano left New York for Medellin, Colombia.

Jose Antonio Villegas, a Colombian, died in the Breton Hall Hotel after a long illness.

Jose Maldonado, Mrs. Maria Morales, Miss Concepcion Morales, Elvira

Ramos, Manuel del Valle, Mrs. Rosario Fernandes and Miss Feliciano Rivera arrived from Porto Rico on the Philadelphia.

Late arrivals—Hermogenes Pereira, Reyes, from Havana; Ernesto Fierro, Quinto, Governor of Mrs. Dolores M. de Farber, from San Juan, Porto Rico.

The Inter-American Committee of Sorrelia will give a reception in honor of the delegates to the second Pan-American Financial Congress and to their families at the home of Mrs. John Lee Connable, 32 East Sixty-fourth Street, on Wednesday afternoon, January 21, from 4 to 7 o'clock.

Foremost among the social affairs which have been given for distinguished visitors from other countries are those ceremonies which have been extended by Sorrelia. This club, founded in 1888, America's oldest club for women, has always held such entertainment to be one of its cherished privileges. The Inter-American Committee of Sorrelia, the membership of Sorrelia, is organized to assist in thus promoting friendly relations among the American republics and both through desire and tradition to extend the opportunity to entertain its Inter-American friends.

It is with the same keen interest and realization of the importance of this financial congress which is being manifested in all plans for the party that the reception are being perfected. The committee desires to express its welcome, its deep purpose and sincere interest in this extending hospitality. It is with great interest that the members of Sorrelia are cooperating with the committee to make this a memorable occasion for the Latin-American guests of the city and in promoting the happy relations which already exist.

At the City Club meeting, held last Monday, John Barrett, director general of the Pan-American Union, spoke on "New and Critical Phases of Pan-Americanism." He pointed out that the new phase of Pan-Americanism is the one which should be brought to the attention of every one interested in the relations of the United States with our sister American republics.

Alfredo V. d. H. Collao, editor of La Prensa, will leave New York for Santiago, Chile, on January 31, to take charge of La Prensa general headquarters in South America.

In honor of the American group committee for Cuba and the delegates of the Republic of Cuba to the second Pan-American Financial Conference, the Minister of Cuba and Mrs. de Cespedes will be at home at the Legation at Washington Thursday from 5 until 7 o'clock.

Brazil's League Representative Named.

PARIS, Jan. 18.—Ruy Barbosa, delegate to the Peace Conference from Brazil, will represent Brazil on the League of Nations Council of Nations. He will be temporarily replaced by Ambassador Gastao Da Cunha, the Brazilian representative at Paris.

ARGENTINA READY TO TAKE UP BURDEN

Will Aid Impoverished Countries of Europe.

Argentina stands ready to do her duty and to carry her share of the world's burden in the present crisis, Dr. Domingo Salaberry, Minister of Finance for the Republic of Argentina and representative to the second Pan-American Financial Conference, said on his arrival in New York last week.

"A loan of \$2,000,000 in gold to be tendered to Austria will be the first step," Dr. Salaberry said. "We will also do our best to help relieve the hunger situation in that country with supplies of wheat, corn and other cereals and with extensive shipments to meat. Our crops have been large and we are well able to spare some of that bounty."

Further than this and the extension of certain credits to needy nations, Dr. Salaberry said that Argentina was receiving immigrants who have found it in their impoverished European homelands. This immigration, he believes, will continue to increase, as will the commerce. The already well developed railway system will be extended and extended. Great work is beginning on docks and harbors and in shipyards. This, he said, would not only benefit the country, but was absolutely necessary to meet the needs of the Argentine industry and to care for the meat and farm products not in the increase. He believes that the value of the present friendly relations between Argentina and the United States cannot be exaggerated, that from now on they will steadily become more intertwined.

He made it clear that the increase of shipping did not mean an expansion of the Argentine navy.

Dr. Salaberry was accompanied by Dr. Ricardo C. Aldao, Dr. Luis E. Zuberbuitzer, Dr. Alejandro Bunge and members of the suite, Dr. Pedro Palacios y Eduardo Ocasio, Adjuntos, J. Wasmann, Fernando Seguí y Adolfo Foraker. A reception of the delegation took place aboard the Orcoma on their arrival in port and later at the Ritz-Carlton.

The Ambassador from Argentina, Dr. Thomas A. Le Bretón, led the welcoming party, in which Dr. Ernesto C. Perez, Consul-General in New York; Admiral Julian Iriar, chief of the Naval Commission of Argentina in the United States; Felipe S. Espill, Secretary of the Argentine Embassy, and the chancellor, Raul Aguilar Lacasa, and Dr. Enrique Gil, American legal representative for Argentina.

SALVADOR MAKING STEADY PROGRESS

Present Need Is American Branch Banks.

The greatest commercial development that Salvador has made in years was accomplished this year, when last September gold was made the basis of their national currency, according to Dr. Reyes Arriola Rosal, financial expert and delegate for El Salvador to the second Latin-American financial conference.

What El Salvador needs most now to further her commercial activities is a bank—a branch it is hoped of some large American banking house. Dr. Rosal said:

"El Salvador, the smallest of the Central American powers, is trying her best to make headway. In the census of ten years ago there were more than forty persons to every square kilometer. The population is much larger now. For the last fifty years Salvadoran students have been going to the United States and this year there are more than ever. We look to these students as leaders in the rapid development of our country."

Asked about crops, Dr. Rosal said that the coffee yield this year would be approximately 60,000,000 pounds. The sugar crop was larger than usual. Cattle raising is being developed on the frontiers in two years and will thus make it possible to go to New Orleans in five and a half days and to New York city in seven and one half days from any town in Salvador.

## BRAZIL IN NEW FIELDS

Country Quick to Learn Lessons of Self-Dependence From the War.

### RAISING MORE CATTLE

Government to Offer Further Inducements for Individual Development by Foreigners.

By HENRY HULME SEWIER.

Specially written for the Latin American Section of THE SUN.

A temporary and, of course, comparatively insignificant setback to one of the growing industries of Brazil, an industry which has recently enlisted considerable additional capital and which will play a large part in the general scheme of American commercial expansion, occurred the other day in the shape of a \$1,000,000 fire.

The fire destroyed the plant of the Armour Packing Company at Sao Paulo.

This plant was hardly completed and was considered the last word in packing operations for several years. It has been a source of pride to the people of Sao Paulo district. The Armour people already have a considerable plant in the extreme south of Brazil. It has been a source of pride to the people of Sao Paulo district. The Armour people already have a considerable plant in the extreme south of Brazil. It has been a source of pride to the people of Sao Paulo district.

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## Latin American Holidays

Latin American holidays for the week of January 19: Tuesday, January 19, is a holiday in Brazil (city of Rio de Janeiro); Thursday, January 21, is a holiday in Brazil (State of Mato Grosso); Saturday, January 23, is a holiday in Brazil (State of Piaui); Sunday, January 24, is a holiday in Brazil (State of Piaui); Monday, January 25, is a holiday in Brazil (State of Piaui). This is a reminder to those who transact business by cable.

quite the same appearance as our once lordly but now outworn "longhorns." Sao Paulo is called the Chicago of South America. It is fair to bear the same relation to the cattle industry of Brazil that Chicago holds to the stockman of our middle and south west. Its extensive stockyards and adjacent packing houses providing receiving facilities and ready markets for any quantity of live stock. Sao Paulo is the third city in size in South America, with a population of more than 600,000, having grown from less than 150,000 within the last twenty years. It is a metropolis seething with life and action. In fact, high hills, high hills and high prices are its boasted and outstanding characteristics.

At the other or southern extremity of this embryonic cattle country, and offering facilities and markets adequate to the fullest development of